For each of the transactions below, make the necessary journal entries. Please select the most appropriate account title for each question and prepare the journal entry. Consider the value add tax (VAT) only for the questions where it is specified.

1 In paying an employee a salary of ¥550,000, an income tax withholding of ¥27,500 and social insurance premiums of ¥50,000 were deducted, and the remaining amount was paid from the savings account.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Salary	550,000	
Personal Tax Withholdings		27,500
Social Insurance Withholdings		50,000
Saving Account		472,500

2 Stamp duty costing ¥2,700 and postage stamps costing ¥450 were purchased in cash. These were used immediately.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Taxes and Dues	2,700	
Communication Expense	450	
Cash		3,150

3 An electronic recorded obligation of ¥720,000 was settled and deducted from the current account.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Electronically Recorded Monetary Obligations	720,000	
Current Account		720,000

4 At the beginning of the period, equipment that was no longer needed (acquisition cost of ¥490,000 and accumulated depreciation of ¥428,750, recorded using the indirect method) was sold for ¥70,000, with the payment to be received at the end of the month.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Accumulated Depreciation on Equipment	428,750	
Other Receivable	70,000	
Equipment		490,000
Gain on Sale of Fixed Assets		8,750

5 Accounts receivable of ¥280,000, which were uncollected at the end of the previous period, have become uncollectible. The balance of the allowance for doubtful accounts was ¥190,000.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Allowance for Doubtful Account	190,000	
Bad Debts Expense	90,000	
Accounts Receivable		280,000

6 The merchandise ¥210,000 was sold, with ¥60,000 received in cash and the remaining amount received in gift certificates.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Gift Certificate Receivable	150,000	
Cash	60,000	
Sales		210,000

Accounts payable of ¥200,000 were repaid from the current account. However, the balance of the current account before the repayment was ¥175,000, and the company has an overdraft agreement with the bank with a limit of ¥1,000,000.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Accounts Payable	200,000	
Current Account		200,000

8 An employee returned to the company from a business trip and handed back ¥9,500 in cash from the ¥100,000 that had been given to them for travel expenses.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Travel Expenses	90,500	
Cash	9,500	
Advanced Payment		100,000

9 The goods ¥740,000 was sold to Yumeno Co., Ltd. As payment, a promissory note issued by the company for ¥500,000 was received, and the remaining amount was recorded as Accounts Receivable.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Notes Receivable	500,000	
Accounts Receivable	240,000	
Sales		740,000

10 Parchased goods costing ¥979,000 (including 10% VAT) . A payment of ¥100,000 was made by issuing a check, and the remaining amount was recorded as Accounts Payable. The value add tax (VAT) is processed using the tax-excluded method.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Purchase	890,000	
VAT Receivable	89,000	
Current Account		100,000
Accounts Payable		879,000

11 A loan of ¥5,000,000 was obtained from the bank, and a promissory note of the same amount was issued. The net proceeds, after deducting interest, were deposited into the current account. The loan term is 10 months, with an annual interest rate of 2.4%, and the interest is calculated on a monthly basis.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Interest Payment	100,000	
Current Account	4,900,000	
Loans Payable by Promissory note		5,000,000

12 Kitani Nippon Co., Ltd. increased its capital by issuing 7,000 shares at ¥900 per share, and the payments from shareholders were deposited into the regular bank account.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Saving Account	6,300,000	
Share Capital		6,300,000

13 Renovations and repairs were carried out on the building used for business operations, with the payment of ¥4,500,000 to be made at the end of the month. Of the total amount, ¥2,800,000 is classified as revenue expenditure, and the remaining amount is classified as capital expenditure.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Repairs and Maintenance Expense	2,800,000	
Building	1,700,000	
Other Payable		4,500,000

14 A lease agreement for an office was signed, and payment was made by issuing a check for six months' rent (¥250,000 per month), a commission fee of ¥250,000, and a security deposit of ¥300,000.

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Rent Payment	1,500,000	
Commission Expense	250,000	
Deposit	300,000	
Current Account		2,050,000

15 Merchandise was sold to Nishinihon Co., Ltd., and a delivery and invoice statement was sent along with the goods. The payment was recorded as accounts receivable. The consumption tax is recorded using the tax-excluded method.

Delivery Note and Invoice

To Nishinihon Co., Ltd

Amount Due ¥ 77,220

Sep-20-2024

Yumeno Co., Ltd

Tax Invoice (XXXXXXX)

Goods Name	Amount	Unit Price	Total Price
Goods Y	230	150	¥34,500
Goods Z	170	210	¥35,700
	VAT (¥7,020	
	Total inc	¥77,220	

Please transfer the total amount to the account below by October 20, 2024

USCPA Bank xx Branch Ordinary Account 1234567 / Account Name Yumeno

Account Name	Debit	Credit
Accounts Receivable	77,220	
Sales		70,200
VAT Payable		7,020

Based on the following (1) Pre-adjustment Trial Balance and (2) Adjustment Entries, please answer the questions. Note that the provisional receipt and payment of VAT are only to be made for sales transactions and purchase transactions. The current period is one year from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025.

[Notes for answering]

- O The blank spaces for each account are in the order of (Date) [Description] < Amount >. (Date) is not subject to scoring, so it can be left blank
- O When answering, please select the most appropriate account names, etc. for the description column from the following list. Note that account names, etc. can be used multiple times within this question.

Accrued Income Taxes Dividends Payable Retained Earnings Carried Forward Taxes and Dues
Legal Reserve Brought Forward Carried Forward Revenue and Expense

[Reference Material]

- 1. At the shareholders' meeting on June 28, 2024, a dividend of ¥350,000 to shareholders from retained earnings carried forward and an allocation of ¥35,000 to the legal reserve accompanying the dividend were resolved (the dividend was paid on July 1, 2024).
- 2.For the closing of accounts on March 31, 2025, the balances of each Revenue and Expense account after closing adjustments (excluding Taxes and Dues) were as shown in the Revenue and Expense account on the answer sheet. For the current Tax, 30% of the profit before taxes will be recorded. For the convenience of the question, expenses other than purchases and Taxes and Duties are collectively shown as "Other expenses".

Revenue and Expense								
3/31	Purchase	4,500,000	3/31	Sales	6,800,000			
"	Other expenses	1,200,000						
"	Taxes and Dues	330,000						
"	Retained Earnings Carried Forward	770,000						
		6,800,000			6,800,000			
		Legal R	eserve					
3/31	Carried Forward	213,000	4/1	Brought Forward	178,000			
			6/28	Retained Earnings Carried Forward	35,000			
		213,000			213,000			
		Retained Earnings	Carried F	orward				
6/28	Dividends Payable	350,000	4/1	Brought Forward	1,430,000			
"	Retained Earnings	35,000	3/31	Revenue and Expense	770,000			
3/31	Brought Forward	1,815,000						
		2,200,000			2,200,000			

(2) Based on the purchase ledger and sales ledger records for Product A during October of Year X7, fill in the merchandise inventory ledger on the answer sheet using the moving average method. Also, enter the amounts of sales and gross profit for Product A during October of Year X7 in the answer column of the answer sheet. Note that consumption tax should not be considered. Furthermore, closing the books and carrying over entries to the next month are not required.

		Pι	Purchase Ledger				Sales Ledger				
2	024		Description		Total Price	2024 Description			Total Price		
10	5	HK Store		Credit		10	5	TWN Store		Credit	
		Product A	175	@¥380	66,500			Product A	215	@¥520	111,800
	21	BKK Sotre		Credit			21	TYO Store		Credit	
		Product A	140	@¥379	53,060			Product A	150	@¥530	79,500

	Product A Balance Table										
	2024	Description	Received			Dispatched			Balance		
	1024	Description	Qty Unit Price Ttl Price		Qty	Unit Price	Ttl Price	Qty	Unit Price	Ttl Price	
10	1	Brought Forward	200	350	70,000				200	350	70,000
	5	Purchase	175	380	66,500				375	364	136,500
	12	Sales				215	364	78,260	160	364	58,240
	21	Purchase	140	379	53,060				300	371	111,300
	26	Sales				150	371	55,650	150	371	55,650

Total Sales ¥	191,300	Gross Profit	¥	57,390

Goods A in October of Year 2024

Based on the following (1) Pre-adjustment Trial Balance and (2) Adjustment Entries, please answer the questions. Note that the provisional receipt and payment of VAT are only to be made for sales transactions and purchase transactions. The current period is one year from April 1, 2024 to March 31, 2025.

Pre-adjustment Trial Balance

	March 31, 2025	(Unit: JPY)
Dehit	Account Name	(Unit - JPT)
		Credit
85,400	Cash	
1,308,000	Saving Account	
1,700,000	Current Account	
990,000	Accounts Receivable	
470,000	VAT Receivable	
160,000	Provisional Corporate Tax	
340,000	Inventory (Carried Forward)	
1,400,000	Equipment	
260,000	Deposit	
	Accounts Receivable	516,000
	Temporary Received	120,000
	VAT Pavable	930,000
	Borrowinas	1,200,000
	Allowance for Doubtful Account	3,000
	Accumulated Depreciation - Equipment	480,000
	Share Capital	1,500,000
	Retained Earnings Carried Forward	834,000
	Sales	9.300.000
4,700,000	Cost of Sales	
1.625.000	Salary	
1.690.000	Rent Payment	
86.000	Communication Expense	
47.600	Travel Expenses	
21.000	Interest Payments	
14.883.000	IIICICALI MINERIO	14.883.000

- to March 13, 2005.

 (2) Agistrater Entire.

 (2) Agistrater Entire.

 (2) Agistrater Entire.

 (3) A time deposit of \$1,000,000 has matured, and the total amount including interest of \$2,000 was transferred to a Savings Account, but this transaction has not been proceeded yet.

 2. It was determined that the entire amount of suppress receipts was adeposit received when their good merit for merchandrise.

 3. The actual cash balance was \$417,000.01 the difference from the book balance, \$42,000 was found to be an unexcreded communication Spense, but the remaining amount is unknown and will be treated at Miscellaneous Loss or Gain.

 4. Set up an Allowance for Doudrid Accounts at 2% of the ending balance of Accounts Receivable using the direct wire of method.

 5. The ending Inventory of Interchandrise is 1995,000.

 6. Depreciate Equalizem studing the trady the method with zero recidial value and a surful life of 5 years. Of the equipment, Wi200,000 worth has been in use time referency 1023, and will be operated under the same conditions, but the depreciation expense will be calculated on a monthly basis.

 1. The entire Loss was Schowskie on Newmer 1, 2008, for a payment of 1 year at an amount interest rate of 15%, with interest for the Usyani to be paid at the current price on a monthly basis. Note that other interest Payments have been appropriately processed.

 8. There is a payment whitelest track and Corporate Taxes as account.

 Question 1: Complete the poor adjustment trial balance on the amover their Question.

Question 1: Complete the post-adjustment trial balance on the answer sheet. Question 2: State the amount of net income or net loss for the period. In case of a net loss, prefix the amount with a () symbol.

Post-adju:	sted Iriai baiance
Mar	rh 31 2025

	March 31, 2025	(Unit: JPY)
Debit	Account Name	Credit
81,700	Cash	
2,310,000	Saving Account	
700,000	Current Account	
990,000	Accounts Receivable	
130,000	Prepaid Rent	
395,000	Inventory - Carried Forward	
1,400,000	Equipment	
260,000	Deposit	
	Accounts Pavable	516,000
	Temporary Paymend Received	120,000
	VAT Pavable	460,000
	Corporate Tax Pavable	130,000
	Accrued Interest	7,500
	Borrowings	1,200,000
	Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	19,800
	Accumulated Depreciation - Equipment	660,000
	Share Capital	1,500,000
	Retained Earnings - Carried Forward	834,000
	Sales	9,300,000
	Interest Received	2,000
4,645,000	Cost of Sales	
1,625,000	Salary	
1,560,000	Rent Payment	
89,200	Communiation Expense	
47,600	Travel Expense	
16,800	Bad Debts Expense	
180,000	Depreciation Expense	
28,500	Interest Payments	
500	Miscellaneous Loss or Gain	
290,000	Taxes and Dues	
14,749,300		14,749,300

Q2 819,400